

The Lethbridge Herald.

VOL. 10.

RAYMOND, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, AUGUST 8, 1912.

NO 31



Duchess of Connaught, who it is anticipated will open the Congress of Farm Women at Lethbridge, October 19-25.

Local News Items

A number of binders have been sold this week by the local implement dealers.

Mr. W. McD. Tait was a visitor at Cardston last week in the interests of the Herald.

The Holt-Smith pool hall has been going through considerable changes this week.

All available hands will soon be busy in the grain fields, as grain cutting is now on.

Mr. A. D. Williams was at McGrath last week, umpiring the McGrath-Lethbridge baseball game.

Mr. Chas. Smith, who has been painting at Spring Coulee for several weeks, returned home last week.

The prize lists have been out now for two weeks. All desiring copies may obtain same from the Secretary.

A telegraph division of the C. P. R. is connecting the towns along this line with Lethbridge by a telegraph system.

Miss Tay. Fisher, who has been visiting at Cardston for the past two weeks, returned home on Monday morning's train.

Mr. Z. N. Skouson, Deering agent, has several men busy putting up binders. Zeb is doing a rushing business in the binder line.

A dance will be given at the Opera House tomorrow night. The Raymond Orchestra will furnish the music and a good time is promised.

Mrs. David Cleuis, of Lethbridge, was in town last week visiting with her folks and is now at the Kirkcaldy ranch visiting her mother, Mrs. E. Witbeck.

We learn from good authority that Miss Lura Redd and Mr. Jos. W. Verge successfully passed the 8th Standard Examinations. Congratulations are in order.

The annual Convention of Y. M. and Y. L. M. I. A. will be held in the Raymond first ward meeting house on Saturday evening, Aug. 10th, and on Sunday evening, Aug. 11th at 7 P. M. All officers are gently requested to be present and members invited.

Additional locals on page 4.

TOWN COUNCIL IS KEPT BUSY

A meeting of the Town Council was held last Thursday evening in the Council Chamber, with Mayor Evans in the chair and Councilors Hawkins, O'Brien, Powelson, Hicks and Allen around the board. The minutes were read, after which the regular order of business was suspended. Mr. Chas. McCarty was present and addressed the Council regarding the closing of a lane through his residential property. After some discussion the question was referred to the Works and Property Committee.

Mr. McCarty also requested the Council to grant him permission to finish the additions which he is building on to the B. C. Cafe and the drug store without making the side next to the original building fire proof, as he was not sure that he had complied with the requirements within the fire limits. The request was granted upon motion of Councilors Powelson and Hicks. A letter from Town Solicitor Palmer and Lewis was read, regarding an enquiry as to whether further penalty could be added to all town taxes in arrears from last year, and the opinion of their Mr. H. Ostlund was to the effect that the year 1911 was closed under the old municipal ordinance, which added 6 per cent. for taxes and arrears, and that further penalty could not be imposed.

A letter signed by the Mayor and Town Clerk of the town of Lethbridge was read, advising if Raymond would favor a convention for towns of over one thousand in population, at which the new act governing towns would be discussed. It was moved and seconded by Councilors Allen and Hawkins that the Secretary write the town of Lethbridge that section 6 of the new Towns Act provides ample scope for the licensing of business within the town.

The Supervisor's report was then read, which brought up considerable discussion.

In response to a request from the Mayor for a report from the Finance Committee, Coun. Allen, chairman of the committee, replied that it would be necessary for him to consult the Town Solicitors before he could give his report, as their were several questions to be decided by a lawyer. He suggested that those in arrears for taxes should get no water from the town.

In regard to the cutting of weeds on lots within the town limits, the Marshall replied that he was only waiting for instructions from the Council. As the government Weed Inspector had threatened to sue the town if they were not immediately attended to, the Marshall was instructed to proceed to destroy them.

The Marshall claimed that he had experienced some difficulty in

forcing the poolballs to close at the appointed time. It was decided that the pool proprietors should be informed that the time of R. A. Gillies should be taken as standard, and that prosecutions would be made on this time.

It was decided to adjourn the meeting until Monday evening of this week, when the divisions for the different committees on the estimates of the year would be taken up.

At a meeting of the Town Council, held on Thursday evening, August 8th, tenders for the construction of cement walks within the town were considered by the Council. The lowest tender was that of the Forest City Paving Co., but even this was considered too high by the Council. The greatest difficulty in receiving satisfactory bids seemed to be in the small supply of gravel. It was decided that the gravel be hauled by town labor, and Coun. Hicks proposed that this work be done under a separate contract. Owing to the danger of frost it was suggested to leave the work over until spring, as it would mean considerable in the saving of expenses. Coun. Powelson advised leaving the matter until the next meeting.

The Mayor reminded the Council that if it were tugged down the people would criticize very severely as they were expecting the work to be done this year. After some discussion it was moved and seconded that all bids be rejected, and that the cheques of those tendering be returned.

The postponed meeting of the Town Council was held at the town hall on Monday evening last, with the Mayor and all councillors present except Councilman Hicks. The first order of business was a petition from Peter T. J. O'Brien of the Raymond Agricultural Society, asking that Constable T. W. Harris be permitted to take charge of and prepare an exhibition at the Lethbridge Fair this month, and as Mr. Harris would not need to be away from town very much, this petition was granted.

Mrs. J. F. Anderson, Jr., president of the Farm Women's Association, drew the attention of Mayor Evans to the fact that the Agricultural School given by the province each winter could possibly be gotten here this winter. Accordingly the Council ordered a letter prepared and sent to the Minister of Agriculture, stating the advantages of Raymond for this school.

An appropriation of \$50.00 was made by the Council for the Raymond Military Band.

The several committees submitted their estimates for the coming year and the tax rate was decided upon, which was 20 mills for the town and 10 for the school. This does not include the water frontage. It may be interesting to note that the Town assessment is \$200,015 and the school is \$692,471.00.

The matter of cement sidewalks was considered and it was decided that the tenders were too high and the work would be held over until next spring. It is probable that the material will be hauled when labor is cheaper, this being in early spring.

Owing to the lateness of the hour the meeting was adjourned until Monday, August 12, when the payroll for July will be passed upon.

SPECIAL RATES FOR EXHIBITORS

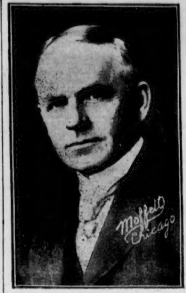
The growing interest in the International Dry-Farmed Products Exposition at Lethbridge, Alta., next October assures the largest exhibition of grain, grasses and root crops, farm machinery and implements ever held in Western Canada, and probably the largest of its kind ever held on the American Continent. Applications for entry forms have been received by Chairman McNicol of the Exposition committee from nearly every quarter of the globe, and advice through diplomatic sources are to the effect that nearly all of the South American countries, Australia, Hungary, Turkey, Russia and the United States will send federal exhibits. It is stated that the United States exhibit will eclipse anything that has ever been undertaken by the department of agriculture, while the Dominion of Canada will collect and stage an enormous sized exhibit of the products of the soil from the experimental farms and the fairs, and the provinces of British Columbia, Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta will have exceptionally large and interesting displays.

Throughout Alberta and Saskatchewan great interest is being manifested, and in many sections the farmers have arranged for and carried out this spring and summer a system of plots, by which each man raises something different from his neighbor on one square rod, and pay particular attention to the product with a view to having the very best possible to be grown. In Saskatchewan the department of Agriculture has been very active in encouraging the farmers to make an extraordinary provincial exhibit, as well as district exhibits, and the Saskatchewan commissioner, Prof. H. N. Thompson, has applied for 10,000 square feet of space and saved notice that his requirements will without a doubt exceed this in view of the large number of farmers who are preparing individual exhibits. Manitoba is not behind to any extent, for there are scores of grain growers in that province who are looking with interest upon the premium list, and wishing to capture the valuable farm machinery and implements offered. British Columbia is collecting the largest and finest exhibit it has ever planned to stage, and

while it will not compete in many of the classes, being desirous of showing that courtesy to exhibiting states and nations, it will put before the eyes of the delegates a sight long to be remembered in its display of fruit, and the decorative work of its booths through the use of natural woods and minerals for which the country is famous.

The Exposition opens on Saturday morning Oct. 19th, and every exhibit will have been judged and all prize winners announced by that time. The exhibits must be in place ready for judging on the evening of Thursday, Oct. 17th. In view of this setting ahead of the date, so that the distinguished foreign visitors may see the wide-awake, hustling methods of the Canadians and may carry home with them the most interesting reports about the progressive spirit of the people and the wonderful resources of the country, it is desired that all exhibitors prepare to be on the spot as early as possible. To facilitate the exhibitors the Canadian Pacific Railway has arranged for a special rate for them under conditions that are exceedingly plain to understand. They can purchase tickets at any station in the province of Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia, good for the round trip, at the one way first class fare, on Oct. 10 to 15, upon presentation of a certificate from the secretary of the Dry-Farmed Congress. This certificate will be issued by the secretary and forwarded upon request, but the applicant must, in making the request, send his entry blank properly filled out in order that a number may be assigned him. The OFFICIAL PROGRAM LIST is ready for distribution, and, together with the official entry blank, will be sent to any farmer or intending exhibitor upon request to John T. Burns, Secretary, Lethbridge, Alta.

Intending exhibitors in Eastern Canada should write to the Secretary for special information as to rates for from east of Manitoba, and the earlier these requests are received the better. The making of arrangements for suitable travel and accommodations, as well as the careful handling of the exhibits. District contemplating exhibiting can obtain their allotment of space upon application to Chairman J. W. McNicol of the Exposition committee, and they will be privileged to begin the arranging of their exhibit any time after Oct. 1.



W. C. Brown, president of the New York Central Lines and one of the foremost railroad magnates in the development of agricultural country, will address the International Dry-Farming Congress at Lethbridge Oct. 21-26 next.

Miss Mamie Whitebeck is at the Waterton Lakes this week.

Mr. H. E. Heyes, C. P. R. surveyor, and a party of surveyors were in town this week surveying all of the C. P. R. property along the line. The press could get no information from the party, save that they were doing this work.

Mr. Wm. Blair is moving his dispensary this week into the new addition which has recently been built. This change will add very materially to the convenience of the building in the handling of the drug business; a truck has been included and the whole of the interior is thoroughly equipped.

Single Fair on All Railroads

Good Races and Platform Attractions

Southern Alberta's Big Exhibition

LETHBRIDGE

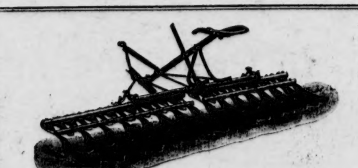
AUGUST 19th to 24th 1912.

\$18,000

In Premiums and Purses.

Entries close August 14th.

For information write J. W. McNicol, Manager



Acme harrow, donated by the John Deere Plow Co., Moline, Ill., for the Best Speedy turnip exhibited at the International Dry-Farmed Products Exposition at Lethbridge, Oct. 21-26, open to the world, to be delivered free to the winner. Some farmer in the Raymond district should win this.

—The—

Raymond Leader

Published every Thursday evening
at Raymond

Subscription \$1.50 per year payable in
advance.

Advertising rates on application.

Established 1903. Name changed from
The Raymond Rustler to "Raymond
Leader," June, 1916.

All official advertisements, such as By Laws,
Horse and Sheep Fairs, Agricultural
and Government and Corporation notices,
and all other notices inserted under the pay line
subsequent insertion free, per line.

All orders for discontinuing service given
during must be handed in to writer of 30
days.

W. S. Berryessa.
Editor and Manager.

Thursday, August 8th, 1912

Miss Luinda Christensen was
operated upon for appendicitis
last Monday by Dr. F. A. Keilior
at the home of Mrs. A. Cooper.

The Public School will open
on Monday, August 26th, for the
season's work. A very good
staff of teachers has been secured
and it is hoped that the regu-
lar good work will continue.

Carefully prepared statistics
show that last year new churches
were established at the rate of
eight a day, and that saloons
went out of business at the rate
of thirty a day. It was progress
in two directions, both right.—Ex.

The following are some of the
excursionists who arrived here
on Saturday morning's train from
Utah:

Miss Mabel Smellie, Mr. Meeks
Miss S. Probert, Mrs. B. A.
Stringham, Miss Pearl Heninger,
Thos. E. Harris, D. B. Harris,
Mr. and Mrs. R. G. Watt and two
children, Mrs. Watt, Mrs. and
Miss Longstroth, Miss Bessie
Day, Mr. Wm. McKay, Misses
Gladys Thomas and Uarda
Knight, Mrs. Janet Wardle and
three children, Mrs. J. E. and
Mrs. J. M. Piegrass and their
families, and Mr. Walter Smith.

The German love of music
finds expression in the singing
societies that spring up wherever
there are German immigrants or
their children. At the great
"singerfest" in Philadelphia a
few weeks ago, six thousand
trained male voices blended in a
German chorus of welcome to
President and Mrs. Taft, and af-
terward in singing the "Star-
Spangled Banner."—Ex.

Panama Canal workers recent-
ly had a practical illustration of
what the completed waterway
will mean to commerce. Three
steel barges at Colon were need-
ed at Panama Bay. The two
places are less than fifty miles
apart, but it was necessary to
tug the barges round South
America, a distance of ten thou-
sand miles. The task occupied
a hundred and twenty-six days.
—Ex.

We are not accustomed to
think of Alaska as a farming
country, yet the statement is
made that there is more good
agricultural land in a certain
Alaskan valley than all that is
under cultivation in Norway,
Sweden, Finland, and the three
northern provinces of Russia.
One farmer in the valley raised
more than seven hundred dollars
worth of potatoes to the acre.
For the turnips on one acre he
received six hundred and forty
dollars. He gets seventy-five
dollars a ton for his hay, and
similar prices for his other crops.
It seems that the best gold-min-
ing for the average Alaskan is a
market-garden.—Youth's Com-
panion.

The shake-ups to the nerves, the
raging heat of your heart, the fear that
someone will be hurt, with the accom-
panying apprehension that they may not,
all of this—and this is the delight of
the Sanger's Greater European Shows, to be
at Raymond Saturday, August 17th, must
be given by the professionals who shake
dice for their lives with fortune every
performance.

One of the big acts is the original Earl
Family. What this wonderful family de-
looks easy. Suppose you try it, and the
newspapers will write a story about it,
with a diagram showing the place where
your body struck.

Another of the best-ever acts is the
leaping contest. Fifty leapers take part.
Don O'Brien is the champion, and does
double somersault over elephants, camels
and horses. Marie McPhail, riding Rus-
sells and many other big acts are present-
ed to many new riding stunts.

You will see the Best War band of Arab-
ian stallions and the Black Hussar horses
perform. They prove what a perfect
world this would be if all men had as
much intelligence as horses. You will
see elephants walk, teeter, madder and
go to bed like people.

New Westminster, B. C., Aug. 5.—An attempt to traverse Cana-
da from Halifax to Vancouver
is to be made this fall by Mr.
Herbert Gilley, of New Westmin-
ster, who is making this trip in
the interest of the Canadian
Highway Association, flying the
pennant of that organization on
his Canadian-built machine.

It is Mr. Gilley's intention to
make Halifax his starting point,
although he is a resident of the
Pacific Coast. He is now on his
way to his old home in Charlotte
County, New Brunswick, where
he will complete his preparations.
Insofar as possible, it is his in-
tention to follow the outlined
route of the Canadian Highway
for the entire distance.

No man, perhaps, is better ac-
quainted with the roads in the
different parts of Canada than
Mr. Gilley, for in addition to the
many years spent in his business
enterprises in British Columbia,
he has a wide knowledge of road
conditions in the Eastern Provinces,
where he spent the best part
of his life. He believes that the
most difficult trip for an automo-
bile is all British Columbia is over
the Hope Mountains, a journey
which has never been attempted.
A road is being built over this
section at the present time, and
it is possible that a temporary
way may be made for an auto-
mobile, but it is a foregone con-
clusion that by the time any ma-
chine has travelled over the
Hope Mountains it will be fit
only for the scrap heap or for
exhibition purposes.

Should this cross-Canada tour
be successfully completed, it
will reflect considerable credit on
the pathfinders, for neither Mr.
Gilley nor his brother, G. Emer-
son Gilley, are practical motor
mechanics, and the only knowl-
edge they have of the inter-
ior economy of an automobile
is that gained through the use
of machines for the past few years.

Valuable data is to be col-
lected during this trip and later em-
bodied in the archives of the
Canadian Highway Association,
which is to be the custodian of
the log of this cross-Canada tour.

Edmonton, Alta., Aug. 5th.—
Fifty-seven thousand five hun-
dred harvest hands, in addition
to those now on the ground, will
be required in the prairie prov-
inces to gather this season's crop.
This is 11,000 more men than
were required last year. It is es-
timated that the wheat crop alone
will be fully 250,000,000 bushels.
Most of the extra help will come
from Eastern Canada and the
United States. The men will
be sent into the field be-
tween August 10th and 15th and
the cutting should be in full swing
about August 20th. This will
put all grains, including oats,
barley and flax, in stock by Sep-
tember 15th. Only three weeks
elapsed of previous seasons. Hun-
dreds of thousands of acres of
land have been added to the
wheat area in Alberta and neigh-
boring provinces in the last 12
months and as many more are
devoted to mixed farming, dairying,
and hog and poultry raising.

**SASKALTA
STEEL
RANGE**

guar-
anteed by
McClary's—
the largest
stove and range
makers in the
British Empire.
We also guaran-
tee the "Sask-
Alta" to give
complete and
lasting satis-
faction.

McClary's

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Raymond Mercantile Co. Ltd.

**WANTED IMMEDI-
ATELY**

A reliable agent for Raymond
and surrounding district to sell
fruit and ornamental trees, flower-
ing shrubs, small fruit bushes,
seed potatoes etc.

We sell only varieties rec-
ommended by experi-
mental farms.

Outfit free, pay weekly, exclu-
sive stock and territory.

For particulars write,

Pelham Nursery Co.,
Toronto, Ont.

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of

THE CHILDREN.

Take advantage of the
warm days and get a pic-
ture while they are

WELL and STRONG.

Call and see our samples
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Remember the day—Mon-
days only.

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**JAS. E. SIMONS
PAINTER
AND
DECORATOR
OR**

Is in town for a few days.

Leave orders at the
Card Hotel.

Butt
Went
get dull
for two years.
O'Brien, Nalder Co.

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ORIGINALITY AND LOW PRICES

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PLEASE MENTION THIS PAPER

Peru's Secrets
You Should Know



Golden
Seal.

Golden Seal, the root of the above
plant, is a very useful medicine. Many
people suffer from it in our rich woodlands
during the summer. Few people know
how valuable it is in dyspepsia, catarrh,
and sea-sickness.

Many thousands of people find relief from
and each year in the famous catarrh
remedy, Peru's. This fact explains why
everybody uses Peru's for catarrh.

**SANGER'S
GREATER EUROPEAN
SHOWS**

COMBINED.
BIGGER, BETTER AND GRANDER THAN EVER
MAMMOTH MENAGERIE OF WILD ANIMALS
—THE LARGEST TRAINED.
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10 THRILLING DARE-DEVIL ACTS—10
ROYAL ROMAN HIPPODROME.
300 PEOPLE. 200 HORSES.
100 Leapers, Acrobatists and Aerialists—100
20 Funny Clowns. 100 Educated Animals

**GRAND
FREE STREET PARADE**
DAILY AT 10 A. M.

**2 BIG
UNIFORMED
CONCERT BANDS**
Excursions on
All Lines of
Travel.

**TWO PERFORM-
ANCES DAILY,
RAIN OR SHINE.**
Afternoon at 2.
Night at 8.

**AT RAYMOND
Sat. Aug. 17th.**

**A
B.
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ment
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K.**

**\$1. Down
AND
One Dollar Per Week**

For five years pays for an improved fruit tract in B. C. At the end of
the five years it should bring you in \$500 to \$1,500 per year.

Actual Government Reports for the Kootenay Lake
District show greater results from ONE ACRE

There is hardly a man, woman or child in the United States or Canada
who cannot afford One Dollar Per Week to establish a home in an
ideal country like the famous Kootenay Lake District. In five years
a clear title to one acre of improved bearing orchard is delivered to you
or your heirs.

I have set aside you acres of choice fruit land, and as soon as I have
sold that under your opportunity is lost. I want every man, woman and
child who reads this ad. to send in their dollar at once and secure an
acre tract on the above terms. Write for full particulars of the best
offer ever made to those who wish a home in an ideal climate, where
you will have honest and congenial neighbors.

I sell five, ten and twenty acre tracts on very easy monthly payments.
Also give a big discount for cash. Join one of my monthly expositions
and see the country for yourself. August 20th is my next date. A
big bunch went up June 27th—all buying is right, isn't it? I have
sold to several hundred people since January 1st. I live there myself.
Have my own fruit ranch on the shores of the beautiful Kootenay
Lake. I want you for my neighbor in B. C. and I am sure you will
want to be when you see the country. My new way to grow apples
will interest you. Also the famous Kootenay Magazine tells all about
the fruit and other industries of Southern B. C. Subscription price
\$2.50 per year, or sent free for year on receipt of twenty names of
friends or relatives who might be interested in B. C. fruit lands. My
booklet, "Homemaking" tells you how I spent five years in the West
looking for what we all want—an ideal location for a home. It's free.
Write to day, giving name of reliable reference, your nationality, and
amount you wish to buy.

F. L. HARRIS

818-820 SOMERSET BLK. WINNIPEG, MAN.
KOOTENAY LAKE OFFICE: PROCTOR, R. C.

Styles of the Fifties Return to Us In This Season's Modes



THE LACE MANTLE AND BONNET. OLD FASHIONED GOWN OF MOIRE BROCADE.

GET out the family album or the old daguerotypes and study the trimmings on the gowns of these ladies, then take a look about at the new spring styles and you will see among them many reproductions of these adornments on the tulle and other silk costumes of the season. Puffings, quillings, fringes, or, to use the old fashioned term, frayed out ruffles and cordings are ubiquitous and when well used are charming. In fact,

the styles of the fifties are returning to a modified form. The slim lines of today are retained, but the draped effects of long ago adapted to the present silhouette are much in evidence. One of the great French dressmakers this season almost created a panic by showing among his new models a gown in moire brocade of the quality that is "rich enough to stand alone." One of the illustrations shows this gown. The skirt is full, the bodice is draped, and the long pointed basque

is reminiscent of before the war days. Of course this is an extreme fashion that will not be worn by the average woman, but it shows how the vogue wind is blowing. Another old fashion that is returning

COSTUME SHOWING RIBBON TRIMMING.

BLOUSE WITH FRINGED RUFFLES

and most unattractive. For you must know that artificial blooms of all varieties are worn this year as bouquets on the coat and corsage, and stiff little bunches of kitchen garden produce are the ornament for the purpose. Extremes in the old fashion centers and ground color. The effect surrounding these small bunches of flowers is a lace pattern or the kind of ribbon used to place around the flowers carried by antebellum ladies. The shops have these old fashioned poses put up in little boxes in most attractive gift form.

CATHERINE TALBOT.

An Old Fashioned Garden

THE real old fashioned garden is laid out in date old fashioned border, the planted patchwork quilt, but the real old heterogeneous mass of bloom and foliage that used to meet the eye in our granny's garden.

Whether ideas you have entertained about stiff borders and formal garden layouts will vanish utterly under the spell this garden casts around you. Instead of the orderly, stiffly designed flower beds one finds great banks of phlox, clumps of peonies, trellises of sweet pea and banks of nasturtium. By this is not meant an ill kept, overgrown weedy affair, not by any means. For this garden must be weeded. Weeds must not get the advantage, but must be rooted out in earnest and burned. Then the garden must not have too much or too little water. A garden on a southern slope is an ideal site. Then there is plenty of air and plenty of drainage, both necessary to the growth of flowers.

Every one who owns a garden gets to know that dirt is not soil. The earth must be composed of sand and clay

and decayed vegetable matter to supply the necessary ingredients for the growth of flowers. The ideal condition of a soil is one which resembles a sponge and in which it will retain the greatest amount of nutritive substance and water without losing its capacity for absorbing air.

It is not always easy for the beginner to know how much fertilizer to use, for the ground can be overfed as well as underfed. For the average flower garden stable or barnyard manure is sufficient. In using stable manure two barrowfuls to a square rod is ample, but use somewhat less if barnyard manure is used. So much for the practical side of the garden question; then comes the interesting part, the selection of the varieties to be used. A few among the many are the four o'clock, ranunculus, bachelor's buttons, delphiniums or larkspurs, dicentra, or bleeding hearts, the lupinus, the morning glory, the vine in milk, bell flower, the bell flower, and the well known hollyhock standing sentinel over all.

Two other good cloths of shorter length, say two and a half or three yards, all white, at not more than \$2 a yard, with napkins, then for ordinary wear three half bleached cloths at \$1.50, with two dozen napkins and a dozen tea napkins. In addition to these a starch cloth of felt will be required.

Many sundries are needed to complete the attractive appearance of the lining room. These are: a pair of linen drawers, a cloth, a dishcloth and carrying table covers, table centerpieces, dollies, and so on, and it is well to remember in selecting the linen that medium heavy weight will give best results, not only that, but it is easiest to hemstitch or embroider. For the bedroom, four or five pairs of two piece, three pairs of pillowcases, three pairs of sheets, a down comforter, a pair of light summer blankets and one heavy blanket for each bed.

The towel supply for bedrooms and bath should consist of one dozen handkerchiefs and four or six Turkish bath towels, also a dozen little guest towels. For the kitchen a generous provision should be made of linen dish towels, towels and one linen dish towel.

CHARMING HATS OF THE SEASON

ONE of the hats pictured is named in honor of the famous French beauty and Parisian society leader, Mme. Lucette, who not long ago met so tragic a death.

It is of black maline with a crown entirely hidden by wistaria blooms in the new dark mustard color known as pampelousness. A band of enameled

is the wearing of the black face shawl of the sixties. Every woman who possesses an heirloom in the shape of one of these shawls is unearthing it these days and donning it as a modish wrap. Quaint bonnets often accompany the

pink velvet ribbon is drawn around the crown and tied in a bow at the side. The second creation is of black hemp, with a facing of white fern leaves, which, in turn, are covered with a black and white figured net.

Concrete The New Color

"CONCRETE" color is the latest fashion in wall decorations, according to the clever woman who has just returned from abroad. Her new little house, therefore, has been covered from top to bottom with a rough paper which is painted exactly in a concrete shade. The woodwork has been stained, and the drawing room portiere and other curtains are of black fabric, falling stiff and straight. Her furniture is Spanish, old carved walnut, black with age, and she has some wonderful old bronzes to brighten the somewhat somber effect. In the bedroom are English chintz curtains, with gay colored tropical birds and flowers on a black background. The black curtaining of the guest room consists of old camels hair shawls, with black centers and ground color. The effectiveness of these soft hangings is really far greater than can be expressed in words.

In houses where the women have unlimited means the fashionable black hanging is not a plain fabric, but is colored a Chinese satin or a Japanese silk gorgeously embroidered in colors of gold, green and harmonizing with the rich toned mahogany furniture as a matter of fact.

For pictures on these identified walls it is obvious that gentle spring landscapes or the light art of the French period must be discarded. Indeed, pictures are dispensed with altogether as the wallpaper is so beautiful. Here a water can be well placed, and family portraits are being unearthed or copied or invented in the style of the earlier portrait painters to match the antique furniture.

A Chumbelean Blend—Take a bunch of celery, half a pound of stoned dates and half a pound of almost any kind of nuts except almonds. Chop these ingredients into small pieces, and when they have been well mixed add the pulp of three grapefruit. Arrange on crisp paper and freeze and dress with mayonnaise.

The Pendant Purse

A WOMAN will keep her money anywhere when she has the means of her sticking to the lining of her hat. The latest fancy, however, is to carry her purse around her neck in the form of a lavalliere.

Thin pieces of gold net, with a studded border of brilliants and fastening with a twisted chain on top, are worn on a thin gold chain like a pendant.

KITCHEN WISDOM

A CHICKENFUL cook makes a fine dessert. Stir a smile into the pudding. "I forgot," quipped the truth. Flour the salad with the oil of loving kindness. Plain cooking, handsome dinner. Good service is half the dinner. Cleanliness is godliness. Nature is clean.

Cherry heart makes light pastry. Clean hands and white bread. Order, cleanliness and know-how—these three, and the greatest of these is love.

The hand that stirs the batter rules the world. Cooking is an exact science that often gets adrifted.

Aids to Typists!

OCCASIONALLY a stenographer is handed a "backed up" sheet of paper and asked to continue in initial or capital letters some slight error and find it difficult to put the backed up document in the typewriter without losing it. Here is a remedy. Run a plain sheet of paper in the typewriter to be in with the typed matter, or whatever it may be, find the page to be altered, place the bottom of this page between the roller and the sheet of paper which you have put in and then by turning the roller handle backward the page will come out in the roller, pushing the plain sheet.

This can now easily make your corrections without even marring the backing paper.

HAY FROM THE SOY BEAN.

Directions For Handling Forage From Soy Beans.

For hay soy beans are cut with the mower and as soon as wheat is rolled into small windrows. They are allowed to dry here for a short time and then are put into small shocks and allowed to stand until well cured. Experience is necessary in curing soy bean hay, but those who have made corn hay will find no trouble in curing that of soy beans. A correspondent writes in regard to curing corn hay that he sets posts about four feet apart and drives in the corn pieces near the bottom and shows the hay over the posts as soon as cut. The forage of the vines are slipped over the post, which is sharpened, and a good sized shock made. No further

attention is given until the hay is cured. He claims that hay cured in this way is of dry fine quality, but does not say how much time it takes to handle the hay in this manner. It would probably not prove practical on a large scale, but is worth trying with a small crew.

Another contrivance often used in curing soy bean or corn hay is to instruct here. The hay is allowed to wilt and is then raked into windrows and piled over these frames. Being held up from the ground and having an air space in the center of the shock, the hay, of course, cures quite rapidly.

This contrivance appears to be more practical than the one described above. Another soy bean hay covey given a good covering of timothy or other grass, because the crossness of the stems allows the water to penetrate so readily. The stack should also be covered on top, rain or snow to keep the hay from becoming damp and moldy on the bottom—Hastings, Hastings Agricultural Station.

DETECT FOR CURING SOY BEAN HAY IN SHOCK.

(From bulletin Kentucky Agricultural Station.)

CO OPERATION.

On operation has enabled many farmers and stockmen to improve their live stock. It is an easy matter to secure the best breeding stock from a number of farmers by means upon the co-operative plan. It does not require large capital to farm, but it requires intelligence and business organization.

Slugs Cheaper Than Pasture.

Don't mind if the Missouri College of Agriculture has the same idea that cows can be maintained on a very small acreage than they can be carried through the summer on blue grass pasture, where the land is new and the soil is not suitable for growing corn. He says that there is a very little pasture and where a cow and a calf can be pastured on less than one and one-half acres, but it is entirely possible to get twelve and even as many as twenty cows of stage from one acre.

Sorghum a Good Hay.

Sorghum is considered one of the most valuable forage crops. It is a strong feeding plant that grows and will do better on thin lands where summer months are quite warm—American Agriculturist.

Apiary Notes.

Don't use sulphuric acid for cleaning hives, because it will burn the comb and the bees will not return to work again.

Don't use kerosene in a cellar where there are mice or any disgusting influence. It is well to partition bees off to themselves where it is quiet, with plenty of ventilation and little light.

During spring manipulations, in preparing bees for winter and at other times, it is necessary to feed them for stimulation or to provide stores of honey from an unknown source should they be used for fear of introducing disease.

The first thing to be looked after in making bees is the side of the nest box. This should be in a side hill or on a slope to the south where the sun is warm and the bees will dig into the bank a cellar of sunlight side to hold the number of colonies that are to be introduced.

A curious interference on the part of the bees in our economic question has been noticed in the following sections of the country. They are entering nests from the tobacco houses and the bees are coming out of the holes in the roof, pushing the tobacco out. This is a very curious thing that the honey is favored in a way that is neither delightful nor disagreeable.

BRIDE'S LINEN OUTFIT

A Fair Estimate of the Linen That She Will Need

A BRIDE'S outfit is generally expected to contain all of the linen necessary for the house or apartment, unless it be beyond her means to provide. No frequently does the perplexed question present itself as to just what the household will need to start with in the way of linen that it may prove helpful here to give a list for the lines closet.

Starting with the dining room, it is well to provide one handsome tablecloth, which will wear a large number of years. This should be three or four yards in length and of pure white damask or cost anywhere from \$20 to \$25 a yard. For this cloth one does large dinner napkins should be bought to match.

BOWS 2 POUNDS TO ACRE

Dry-Farmer Near Lethbridge Alberta
Has Surprising Stand of Alfalfa
The alfalfa will grow on the
acre in the opinion of L. A. Pelger,
manager of the Lethbridge Farms
Co., a practical dry-farmer operating
of a large alfalfa field, five miles
north of Lethbridge, Alberta. The
use of this surprise is small quantity
of seed in a marked contrast to the
opinion of many experts who
have been making a mistake for
many years, in that opinion as to
the quantity of seed. The field has
varied from 15 to 20 pounds to the
acre.

Mr. Pelger has an excellent stand of
12 acres, which was seeded with only
four pounds to the acre in May, 1913,
and after plowing that had been crop-
ped the year before. His plowing
was done to a depth of five and a
half to six inches and he believes
that if he had plowed deeper he
would have required less seed. His
seed bed was well prepared and he
used a horse cultivated four times,
and harrowed early in the spring. He
fertilized the soil with soil from a
neighboring alfalfa field, and despite
the fact that it was a seed field he
noted no loss through winter killing.
His experts say that the alfalfa
stands of two and possibly three cuttings,
but he plans to use a portion of the
field in raising seed.

To prove the success of his theory
of planting in rows and using only a
small quantity of seed to secure a
good stand, Mr. Pelger has planted
the Lethbridge headquarters of the
International Dry-Farmer's Union
a sample grid on May 22nd, which
shows a 15-inch stand and a root sys-
tem of 2 1/2 inches before it was cut
off with a knife, and it is plainly
evident that the root system is long
er.

I am going to seed only two pounds
to the acre next year, says Mr. Pel-
ger. I find that four pounds makes
too thick a stand, and am going to
stop up all the holes of my drill ex-
cept two and thus reduce the amount
of seed used, and at the same time
mix my seed with soil from the alfalfa
field.

He sowed some alfalfa where I used
very little of the drill and it required
15 pounds to the acre. This stand
was altogether too thick and not as
good in its first growth as the field
of 12 acres which I sowed with only
four pounds.

Persecuted Chauffeurs

One police regulation after another
has made the life of the chauffeur
unbearable, but against the chaos of
his wretchedness have only re-
cently been plumed.

I was driving myself the other day
at a pretty fast speed, a chauffeur
said, when a cop stopped at me to
stop. I stopped.

Under arrest? I stop.

Not yet, he answered. Come over
here a minute.

He directed me to a hydrant with
hose attached, and the first thing
I knew he was giving me a license
test. A good washing was buried an inch
deep in dirt and oil, he said. You
didn't have you over a dozen people
and get away safe. You got out for
that.

Look out that license number. My
fellows have got to read it for that.

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Prognostic

Chomp Chomp! The banquet in
Washington, was talking about cer-
tain election prognostics.
It's as simple as the nose on your
face, he said. It's a mere matter of
mathematics. In fact, in its strikingly
mathematical aspect, it reminds me
of a nose.

Poor language was in a bad way.

Tell me, please, what YOU see.

And comfort.

Everyone now admits

Zam-bu has got these.

And comfort.

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CUNBURN
BLISTERS
SOREFEET.

Everybody now admits
Zam-bu has got these.

And comfort.

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The O'Brien-Nalder Co.
The Corner Store Phone 13.